Appl. No. 09/779,866

Amdt. dated October 7, 2003

Reply to Office Action dated February 26, 2004

Listing of the Claims:

Claim 1 (previously presented): A method for use in analyzing associations in the

sequence of transactions, the method comprising

loading data from the transactions into a database system, where the data includes an entry

for each transaction and the transactions are grouped into sessions;

ordering the transactions in sequence within each session; and

performing an analysis of the sessions of transactions to find associations in the sequence of

the transactions in the sessions.

Claim 2 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein the data for each transaction

includes a time stamp related to a time that the transaction occurred and wherein ordering the

transactions comprises

numbering the transactions based on the time stamps included in the data for the transactions.

Claim 3 (previously presented): The method of claim 2 wherein numbering the

transactions comprises

numbering the transactions in sequence from the transaction having the earliest time stamp to

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the transaction having the latest time stamp.

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Claim 4 (previously presented): The method of claim 1 wherein loading the data

from the transactions into the database system comprises

parsing the data for each transaction into fields in the database system; and

identifying one of the fields as a session identifier field where a session identifier for each

transaction is stored.

Claim 5 (original): The method of claim 4 wherein loading the data from the

transactions into the database system further comprises

identifying one of the fields as an item identifier field where an item identifier for each

transaction is stored.

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Claim 6 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein performing the analysis

comprises performing an affinity analysis.

Claim 7 (currently amended): The method of claim 1 wherein loading data from

the transactions into the database system comprises

parsing the transaction data into fields in a base table in the database system;

identifying one of the fields as a session identifier field where a session identifier for each

transaction is stored;

identifying one of the fields as an item identifier field where an item identifier for each

transaction is stored;

ordering the transactions in each session of transactions in sequence comprises concatenating

a sequence number to the item identifier for each transaction to create a concatenated

sequence number;

performing the analysis comprises

building one or more support tables for one or more item identifiers with the

concatenated order sequence number; and

calculating support, confidence and lift by joining the support tables.

Claim 8 (previously presented): The method of claim 7 wherein building the one

or more support tables comprises

counting the transactions containing various combinations of item identifiers with

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concatenated sequence number and dividing the count by a total number of sessions to

obtain a support for each of the combinations.

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Claim 9 (previously presented): The method of claim 7 wherein building the one

or more support tables comprises

for each item identifier with concatenated sequence number, counting the transactions

containing the same item identifier with concatenated sequence number and computing

the support by dividing the count by a total number of sessions and storing the item

identifier with concatenated sequence number and the support in a first support table.

Claim 10 (previously presented): The method of claim 9 wherein building the

one or more support tables further comprises

building a second base table by selecting transactions from the first base table that include an

item identifier corresponding to an item identifier and concatenated sequence number

having a support more than a predetermined value.

Claim 11 (previously presented): The method of claim 10 wherein building the

one or more support tables further comprises

counting the transactions in the second base table containing various combinations of item

identifiers with concatenated sequence number and dividing the count by a total number

of sessions in the second base table to obtain a support for each of the combinations.

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Claim 12 (previously amended): The method of claim 10 wherein building the

one or more support tables further comprises

counting the transactions in the second base table containing combinations of two specified

item identifiers with concatenated sequence number and dividing the count by a total

number of transactions in the second base table to obtain a support for each of the

combinations; and

storing the item identifiers and computed support in a two item support table.

Claim 13 (previously presented): The method of claim 10 wherein building the

one or more support tables further comprises

counting the transactions in the second base table containing combinations of N specified

item identifiers with concatenated sequence number and dividing the count by a total

number of transactions in the second base table to obtain a support for each of the

combinations; and

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storing the item identifiers and computed support in an N item support table.

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the transactions in the sessions.

Claim 14 (previously presented): A method for use in analyzing associations in the order of transactions, the method comprising

loading data from the transactions into a database system, where the data includes an entry for each transaction and wherein loading the data comprises grouping the transactions into groups;

selecting sessions of transactions belonging to the same group and corresponding to a single session;

ordering the transactions in sequence within each session; and performing an analysis of the sessions of transactions to find associations in the sequence- of

Claim 15 (original): The method of claim 14 wherein each entry includes a time stamp related to a time that the transaction occurred and selecting comprises selecting entries with time stamps lying in a predetermined range.

Claim 16 (original): The method of claim 15 wherein ordering comprises numbering the selected entries based on their respective time stamps.

Claim 17 (original): The method of claim 16 wherein numbering comprises numbering the selected entries from the earliest to the latest.

Claim 18 (original): The method of claim 16 wherein numbering comprises numbering the selected entries from the latest to the earliest.

Claim 19 (original): The method of claim 16 wherein numbering comprises

numbering the selected entries based on their respective distance in time from a reference

time.

Claim 20 (previously presented): A computer program, stored on a tangible

storage medium, for use in analyzing associations in the sequence of electronically stored

transactions, the program comprising executable instructions that cause a computer to

load data from the transactions into a database system, where the data includes an entry for

each transaction and the transactions are grouped into sessions;

order the transactions in sequence within each session; and

perform an analysis of the sessions of transactions to find associations in the sequence of the

transactions in the sessions.

Claim 21 (cancelled)

Claim 22 (previously presented): The computer program of claim 20 where each

entry includes a time stamp related to a time that the transaction occurred and where, in selecting

sessions, the computer

selects entries with time stamps lying in a predetermined range.

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Claim 23 (previously presented): The computer program of claim 20 where, in

loading data from the transactions, the computer

parses the transaction data into fields in a base table in the database system;

identifies one of the fields as a session identifier field where a session-identifier for each

transaction is stored;

identifies one of the fields as an item identifier field where an item identifier for each

transaction is stored;

in ordering the transactions in each session of transactions, the computer

concatenates a sequence number to the item identifier for each transaction; and

in performing the analysis, the computer

builds one or more support tables for one or more item identifiers with concatenated

sequence number; and

calculates support, confidence and lift by joining the support tables.

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Claim 24 (previously presented): A database system for use in analyzing associations in the order of transactions, the database system comprising

a massively parallel processing system comprising

one or more nodes;

- a plurality of CPUs, each of the one or more nodes providing access to one or more CPUs;
- a plurality of virtual processes each of the one or more CPUs providing access to one or more virtual processes;
- each virtual process configured to manage data stored in one of a plurality of data-storage facilities;
- a parsing engine configured to parse transaction data and store the parsed transaction data in a table that is distributed across two or more data-storage facilities, where the data includes an entry for each transaction and the transactions are grouped into sessions;

a database-management component configured to operate on the table to order the transactions in sequence within each session; and

perform an analysis of the sessions of transactions to find associations in the sequence of the transactions in the sessions.

Claim 25 (cancelled)

Claim 26 (previously presented): The database system of claim 24 where each

entry includes a time stamp related to a time that the transaction occurred and where, in selecting

sessions, the database management system is configured to

select entries with time stamps lying in a predetermined range.

Claim 27 (previously presented): The database system of claim 24 where, in

loading data from the transactions, the database management system is configured to

parse the transaction data into fields in a base table in the database system;

identify one of the fields as a session identifier field where a session identifier for each

transaction is stored;

identify one of the fields as an item identifier field where an item identifier for each

transaction is stored;

order the transactions in each session of transactions in sequence comprises concatenating a

sequence number to the item identifier for each transaction; and

in performing the analysis, the database management system is configured to

build one or more support tables for one or more item identifiers with concatenated

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sequence number; and

calculate support, confidence and lift by joining the support tables.